

SPEAKERS

Philip J. Landrigan, the Ethel H. Wise Professor and Chairman for the Department of Preventive Medicine at Mount Sinai is a pediatrician and an international leader in public health and preventive medicine. Dr. Landrigan's pioneering research led the US government to mandate removal of lead from gasoline and paint. Dr. Landrigan's work has helped to secure the passage of the Food Quality Protection Act in 1996 and the establishment of the EPA's Office of Children's Health Protection. Dr. Landrigan has been a leader in developing the National Children's Study, the largest epidemiological study of children's health and the environment ever launched in the United States.

Maida P. Galvez, an Assistant Professor in the Departments of Preventive Medicine and Pediatrics, is the Director of Mount Sinai's Pediatric Environmental Health Specialty Unit (PEHSU) and a practicing pediatrician. Dr. Galvez currently serves on the EPA's Office of Children's Health Protection Federal Advisory Committee. She is Co-Principal Investigator and a designated New Investigator of a National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences (NIEHS) and EPA funded research project entitled "Growing Up Healthy in East Harlem," a community based research project examining the environmental determinants of childhood obesity.

Karen Joy Miller is founder and president of the Huntington Breast Cancer Action Coalition, a grassroots community breast cancer organization in existence since 1991. She is a founding member of the New York State Breast Cancer Network and Long Island Breast Cancer network. Karen's interest focuses on relationships between environmental exposures and diseases. In 2000, she initiated the "Prevention is the Cure" campaign and has been active in community, state, and federal levels to raise awareness about environmental disease.

Alisan B. Goldfarb, MD, FACS, is an assistant clinical professor at the Mount Sinai School of Medicine. Dr. Goldfarb began her practice as a general surgeon, but her interests and talents soon led her to an active practice limited to breast surgery. She was instrumental in establishing Mount Sinai's monthly multidisciplinary rounds in breast cancer, as well as a resource group for patient education and psychosocial support for breast cancer patients and their families. In the past, Dr. Goldfarb served as president of the Metropolitan Breast Cancer Group and is a member of numerous professional organizations.



BREAST CANCER, ENDOCRINE DISRUPTORS, & EARLY PUBERTY



WHAT ARE THE
CONNECTIONS?
WHY ARE SO MANY
YOUNG WOMEN
DEVELOPING
BREAST CANCER?

MONDAY,
NOVEMBER 30
2009





The Mount Sinai Department of Preventive Medicine and the Children's Environmental Health Center in partnership with the NIEHS/NCI Breast Cancer and the Environment Research Center invite you to a lecture:

BREAST CANCER, ENDOCRINE DISRUPTORS, & EARLY PUBERTY



WHAT ARE THE CONNECTIONS? WHY ARE SO MANY YOUNG WOMEN DEVELOPING BREAST CANCER?

Please join us as leading experts in the field of environmental pediatrics discuss the latest research on the health effects of endocrine disrupting chemicals.

PHILIP J. LANDRIGAN, MD, MSC
Ethel H. Wise Professor and Chairman
Department of Preventive Medicine
Professor, Pediatrics

MAIDA P. GALVEZ, MD, MPH
Assistant Professor, Department
of Preventive Medicine

KAREN JOY MILLER
President, Huntington Breast Cancer
Action Coalition
Prevention is the cure

ALISAN B. GOLDFARB, MD, FACS
Assistant Clinical Professor,
Department of Surgery

Monday, November 30, 2009
9:30 am Registration and Coffee
10:00 – 11:15 am Presentation,
followed by Q&A

Stern Auditorium
Mount Sinai School of Medicine
Annenberg Building, 2nd Floor
1468 Madison Ave at 100th St

Please RSVP by Monday, November 23rd, 2009 to Colin Raelson at (212) 824-7125 or colin.raelson@mssm.edu.

Bisphenol A (BPA), a plastics chemical, has been much in the news. Concern about its effects on health have become widespread. What's the uproar all about?

BPA is one of a class of chemicals known as Endocrine Disruptors. These chemicals can cause alterations in the normal functioning of the human body's hormonal signaling systems.

Please join us as Mount Sinai experts discuss how endocrine disruptors represent hazards to children's health.

ABOUT THE CHILDREN'S ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH CENTER
www.cehcenter.org

The Mount Sinai Children's Environmental Health Center (CEHC) provides support and guidance to the Department of Preventive Medicine of the Mount Sinai School of Medicine. Our mission is to protect children against environmental threats to health. The CEHC supports initiatives in promising research areas, sustains programs to educate the next generation of medical students and pediatricians about preventable environmental hazards, and supports efforts to communicate with families, policy makers, and the American public the importance of protecting children from environmental threats to health.